Parallelization of the Z-Model

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What is Z-Model?

- Simulates the interface between two fluids
- Rayleigh-Taylor Instability or Richtmyer-Meshkov Instability
- By Steve Shkoller at UC Davis
- Raaghav Ramani and Steve Shkoller. "A multiscale model for Rayleigh-Taylor and Richtmyer-Meshkov instabilities". In: Journal of Computational Physics 405 (2020), p. 109-177.







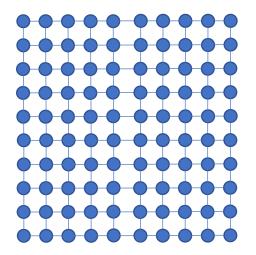






What is Z-Model?

- 2D mesh of points
- Two types of interactions
 - Neighbor interactions along the mesh
 - Global interactions between all points





What is Z-Model?

- Two Z-Models
 - Low Order FFTs to approximate global forces
 - High Order Direct calculation of global forces







Why Z-Model?

- We can look at global communication
- We can look at coupled codes
 - Combine Z-Model with a CFD solver





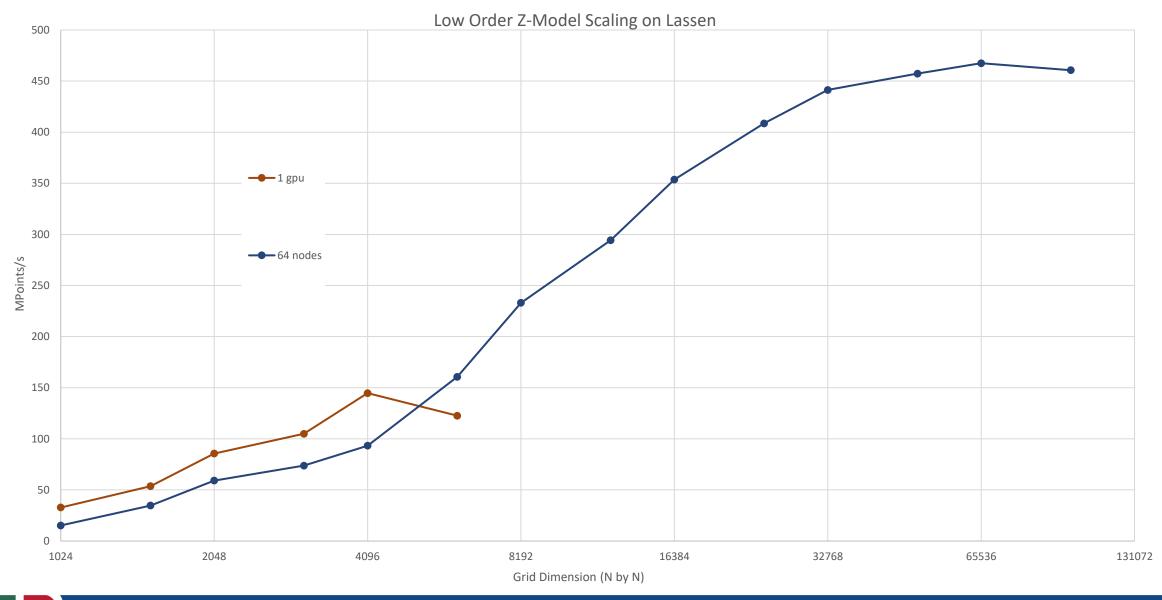


Low Order Z-Model Implementation

- Written in Kokkos/Cabana/Cajita
- Scales up to 98k x 98k mesh on 64 Lassen nodes (256 v100s)
- Runs at 450 Mpoints/s
- 170 iterations per hour with a 98k x 98k mesh









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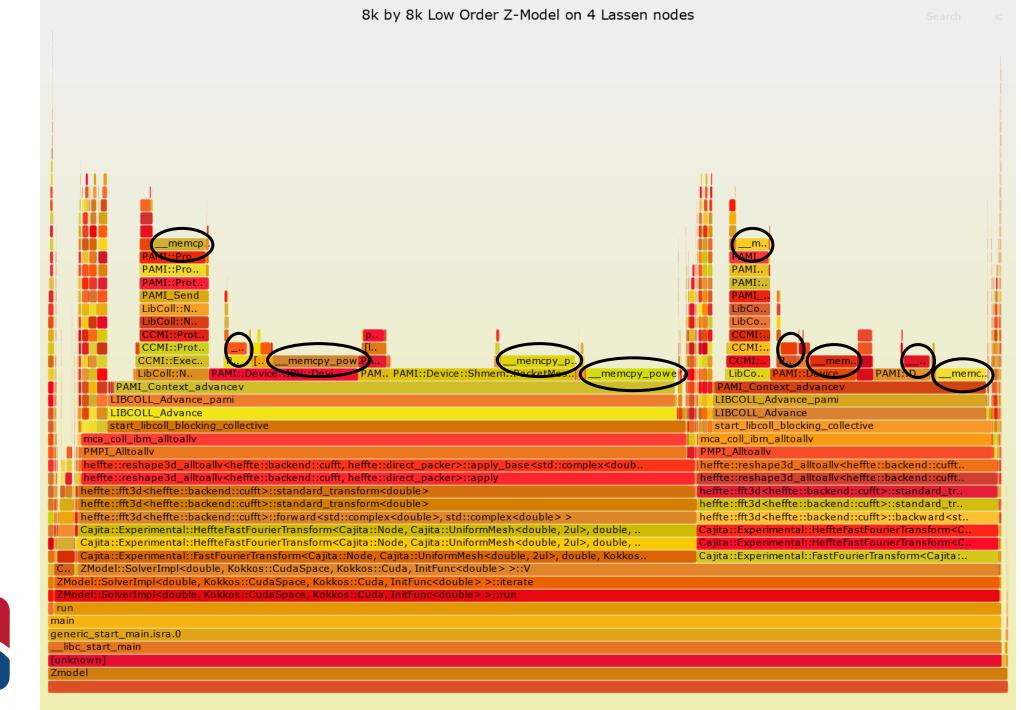
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Low Order Z-Model Implementation

Next Steps

- Find source of mid-scale inefficiency
- Working UTK and CMU about FFTs
- Working with ECP-COPA (Stuart Slattery at ORNL) on FFTs in Cajita





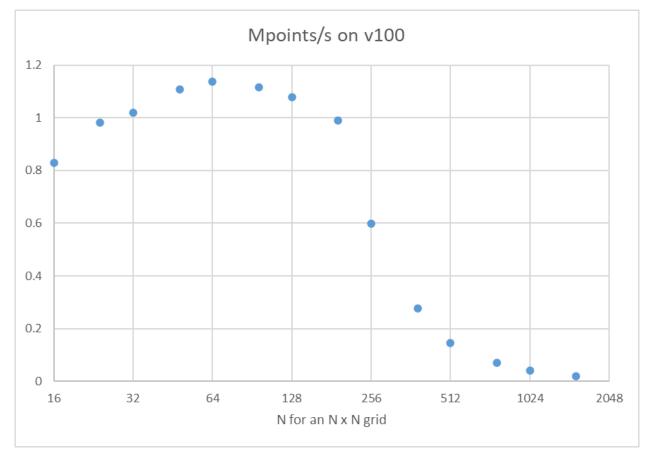


- Shared memory application written in Cuda
- Test program to figure out how to implement in distributed memory











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- Bound by direct global forces calculation (O(n^4))
- At n=1024, 99.99% of the time is spent in global forces calculation
- Direct calculation does not scale
- Need approximate algorithms
 - Barnes-Hut
 - Fast Multipole Method (FMM)





- Barnes-Hut or FMM lets us look at:
 - Hierarchical communication
 - Data migration
 - Global redistribution





Conclusion

- Parallelized the low order Z-Model
 - Looking into FFTs and global communication
- Parallelizing the high order Z-Model
 - Looking into Barnes-Hut/FMM and hierarchical communication



